\*Delete whichever is inappropriate

Parish/community election

1a

Nomination paper

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Office Use only | Date rec’d | Time rec’d | Initials | No. |
|  |  |  |  |

|  |
| --- |
| \*ELECTION OF PARISH / COMMUNITY COUNCILLORS for the |
| 1  | \*[ward of the] *if applicable* |
| \*parish/community of | 2 Bleadon |
| Date of election: | Thursday 9 May 2013 |

We, the undersigned, being local government electors for the said \*ward/parish/community do hereby nominate the under-mentioned person as a candidate at the said election.

|  |
| --- |
| Candidate’s Details |
| Candidate’s surname |  |
| Other forenames in full |  |
| Commonly used surname (if any) |  |
| Commonly used forenames (if any) |  |
| Description (if any)use no more than six words – see note 5 |  |
| Home address in full |  | Mr/Mrs/Miss/ Ms/Dr/Other |

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  Signature |  Print name  | Electoral number |
| Pollingdistrict | Electornumber |
| Proposer: |  |  |  |  |
| Seconder |  |  |  |  |

1 Insert name of parish or community ward (if any).

2 Insert name of parish or community.

*\*Delete whichever is inappropriate*

Notes

1. The attention of candidates and electors is drawn to the rules for filling up nomination papers and other provisions relating to nomination papers contained in the election rules in Schedule 2 to the Local Elections (Parishes and Communities) Rules 2006.

2. Where a candidate is commonly known by some title they may be described by their title as if it were their surname.

3. Where a candidate commonly uses a name that is different from any other name they have, the commonly used name may also appear on the nomination paper, but if it does so, the commonly used name (instead of any other name) will appear on the ballot paper.

4. But the ballot paper will show the other name if the returning officer thinks that the use of the commonly used name may

 (a) be likely to mislead or confuse electors, or

 (b) that the commonly used name is obscene or offensive.

5. An elector may not –

 (a) subscribe more nomination papers than there are vacancies to be filled in the electoral area in which the election is held; or

 (b) subscribe a nomination paper for more than one ward in a parish or community divided into wards.

6. In this form “elector” –

 (a) means a person whose name is registered in the register of local government electors for the electoral area in question on the last day for the publication of notice of election; and

 (b) includes a person then shown in the register as below voting age if (but only if) it appears from the register that he will be of voting age on the day fixed for the poll.

7. However, a person who has an anonymous entry in the register of local government electors cannot nominate a candidate for election.

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Office Use only | Date rec’d | Time rec’d | Initials | No. |
|  |  |  |  |

Parish/community election

1b

Candidate’s consent to nomination

\*Delete whichever is inappropriate

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Date of election: | Thursday 9 May 2013 |
| I (name in full): |  |
| of (home address in full): |  |
| hereby consent to my nomination as a candidate for election as councillor for: |  | \* ward [if applicable] |
| of the \*parish/community of:  | Bleadon |
| I declare that on the day of my nomination I am qualified and that, if there is a poll on the day of election, I will be qualified to be so elected by virtue of being on that day or those days a qualifying Commonwealth citizen, a citizen of the Republic of Ireland or a citizen of another Member State of the European Union who has attained the age of 18 years and that: |
| \*a. I am registered as a local government elector for the area of the \*parish/community named above in respect of (*qualifying address in full*): |
| and my electoral number (see Note below) is: |  |
| \*b. I have during the whole of the 12 months preceding that day or those days occupied as owner or tenant the following land or other premises in the \*parish/community(*description and address of land or premises*): | or |
| \*c. my principal or only place of work during those 12 months has been in that \*parish/community at (give address of place of work and, where appropriate, name of employer): | or |
| \*d. I have during the whole of the last 12 months resided in that \*parish/community or within 4.8 kilometres of it at (*give address in full*): | or |
| I declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief I am not disqualified for being elected by reason of any disqualification set out in Section 80 of the Local Government Act 1972, or any decision made under Section 79 of the Local Government Act 2000 (copies of which are printed overleaf) and I do not hold a politically restricted post, within the meaning of Part I of the Local Government and Housing Act 1989, under a local authority, within the meaning of that Part. |
|  Candidate’s date of birth: |  Candidate’s signature: |  Date: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Witness: I confirm the above-mentioned candidate signed the declaration in my presence. |
| Witness (name in full): |  |
| of (address in full): |  |
| Witness’s signature:  |  | Date: |  |

**Notes:** A person’s electoral number is their number in the register to be used at the election (including the distinctive letters of the polling district in which they is registered).

**A candidate who is qualified by more than one qualification may complete any of those that may apply.**

Local Government Act 1972: Disqualifications for election and holding office as a member of local authority

80. Disqualifications for election and holding office as member of local authority.

(1) Subject to the provisions of section 81 below, a person shall be disqualified for being elected or being a member of a local authority if he –

(a) holds any paid office or employment (other than the office of chairman, vice-chairman or deputy chairman or, in the case of a local authority which are operating executive arrangements which involve a leader and cabinet executive, the office of executive leader or member of the executive) appointments or elections to which are or may be made or confirmed by the local authority or any committee or sub-committee of the authority or by a joint committee or National Park authority on which the authority are represented or by any person holding any such office or employment; or

(b) is the subject of a bankruptcy restrictions order or interim order;

(c) [This has been removed and no longer applies]

(d) has within five years before the day of election or since his election been convicted in the United Kingdom, the Channel Islands or the Isle of Man of any offence and has had passed on him a sentence of imprisonment (whether suspended or not) for a period of not less than three months without the option of a fine; or

(e) is disqualified for being a member of the relevant council under Part III of the Representation of the People Act 1983, and in this paragraph “the relevant council” means the council of the county or district in which is comprised the area for which charter trustees are established by any statutory instrument made under Part II of the Local Government Act 1992.

(2) Subject to the provisions of section 81 below, a paid officer of a local authority who is employed under the direction of –

(a) a committee or sub-committee of the authority any member of which is appointed on the nomination of some other local authority; or

(b) a joint board, joint authority, joint waste authority or joint committee on which the authority are represented and any member of which is so appointed;

shall be disqualified for being elected or being a member of that other local authority.

(2AA) A paid member of staff of the Greater London Authority who is employed under the direction of a joint committee the membership of which includes –

(a) one or more persons appointed on the nomination of the Authority acting by the Mayor, and

(b) one or more members of one or more London borough councils appointed to the committee on the nomination of those councils,

shall be disqualified for being elected or being a member of any of those London borough councils.

(2A) Subsection (2) above shall have effect as if the reference to a joint board included a reference to a National Park authority.

(2B) For the purposes of this section a local authority shall be treated as represented on a National Park authority if it is entitled to make any appointment of a local authority member of the National Park authority.

(3) Subsection (1)(a) shall have effect in relation to a teacher in a school maintained by the local authority who does not hold an employment falling within that provision as it has effect in relation to a teacher in such a school who holds such an employment.

(5) For the purposes of subsection (1)(d) above, the ordinary date on which the period allowed for making an appeal or application with respect to the conviction expires or, if such an appeal or application is made, the date on which the appeal or application is finally disposed of or abandoned or fails by reason of the non-prosecution thereof shall be deemed to be the date of the surcharge or conviction.

Exception to provisions of section 80

81 (4) Section 80(2) and (3) above shall not operate so to disqualify –

 (a) any person by reason of his being a teacher, or otherwise employed, in a school … or other educational institution maintained or assisted by a county council for being a member of a district council by reason that the district council nominates members of the education committee of the county council;

Local Government Act 2000: Decisions of case tribunals

79 (1) A case tribunal which adjudicates on any matter must decide whether or not any person to which that matter relates has failed to comply with the code of conduct of the relevant authority concerned.

 (2) Where a case tribunal decides that a person has not failed to comply with the code of conduct of the relevant authority concerned, it must give notice to that effect to the standards committee of the relevant authority concerned.

 (3) Where a case tribunal decides that a person has failed to comply with the code of conduct of the relevant authority concerned, it must decide whether the nature of the failure is such that the person should be suspended or disqualified in accordance with subsection (4).

 (4) A person may be –

 (a) suspended or partially suspended from being a member or co-opted member of the relevant authority concerned, or

 (b) disqualified for being, or becoming (whether by election or otherwise), a member of that or any other relevant authority.

 (5) Where a case tribunal makes such a decision as is mentioned in subsection (4)(a), it must decide the period for which the person should be suspended or partially suspended (which must not exceed one year or, if shorter, the remainder of the person’s term of office).

 (6) Where a case tribunal makes such a decision as is mentioned in subsection (4)(b), it must decide the period for which the person should be disqualified (which must not exceed five years).

 (7) Where a case tribunal decides that a person has failed to comply with the code of conduct of the relevant authority concerned but should not be suspended or disqualified as mentioned in subsection (4), it must give notice to the standards committee of the relevant authority concerned –

 (a) stating that the person has failed to comply with that code of conduct, and

 (b) specifying the details of that failure.

 (8) Where a case tribunal decides that a person has failed to comply with the code of conduct of the relevant authority concerned and should be suspended or partially suspended as mentioned in subsection (4)(a), it must give notice to the standards committee of the relevant authority concerned –

 (a) stating that the person has failed to comply with that code of conduct,

 (b) specifying the details of that failure, and

 (c) stating that the person must be suspended or partially suspended by the relevant authority concerned for the period, and in the way, which the tribunal has decided.

 (9) A relevant authority must comply with any notice given to its standards committee under subsection (8).

 (10) Where a case tribunal decides that a person has failed to comply with the code of conduct of the relevant authority concerned and should be disqualified as mentioned in subsection (4)(b), it must give notice to the standards committee of the relevant authority concerned –

 (a) stating that the person has failed to comply with that code of conduct,

 (b) specifying the details of that failure, and

 (c) stating that the person is disqualified for being, or becoming (whether by election or otherwise), a member of that or any other relevant authority for the period which the tribunal has decided.

 (11) The effect of a notice given to the standards committee of a relevant authority under subsection (10) is to disqualify the person concerned as mentioned in subsection (10)(c).

 (12) A copy of any notice under this section –

 (a) must be given –

 (i) to the Standards Board for England, where the relevant authority concerned is in England,

 (ii) to the Public Services Ombudsman for Wales, where the relevant authority concerned is in Wales,

 (b) must be given to any person who is the subject of the decision to which the notice relates, and

 (c) must be published in one or more newspapers circulating in the area of the relevant authority concerned.

 (13) Where the person concerned is no longer a member or co-opted member of the relevant authority concerned but is a member or co-opted member of another relevant authority in the same country (that is to say, England or Wales) –

 (a) a copy of any notice under subsection (2), (7) or (10) must also be given to the standards committee of that other relevant authority,

 (b) the references in subsections (4)(a) and (8)(c) to the relevant authority concerned are to be treated as references to that other relevant authority,

 (c) the duty to give notice to the standards committee of the relevant authority concerned under subsection (8) is to be treated as a duty –

 (i) to give that notice to the standards committee of that other relevant authority, and

 (ii) to give a copy of that notice to the standards committee of the relevant authority concerned,

 (d) the reference in subsection (12)(c) to the relevant authority concerned is to be treated as including a reference to that other relevant authority.

 (14) A case tribunal must take reasonable steps to inform any person who made any allegation which gave rise to the adjudication of the decision of the case tribunal under this section.

 (15) Where a case tribunal decides under this section that a person has failed to comply with the code of conduct of the relevant authority concerned, that person may appeal to the High Court against that decision, or any other decision under this section which relates to him.

|  |  |  |  |  |
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| Office Use only | Date rec’d | Time rec’d | Initials | No. |
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Certificate of authorisation

Parish/community election

2

To accompany the nomination of a candidate standing on behalf of a registered political party. Joint candidates require a certificate from each of the parties and each must allow the registered joint description to be used.

This certificate must be authorised by the registered Nominating Officer of the party or by a person authorised to sign on their behalf, not the candidate.

In the relevant section below, the candidate may be allowed to use any registered description or the name of the party as registered with the Electoral Commission. Party names and registered descriptions are listed on the Electoral Commission website www.electoralcommission.org.uk. The candidate may also be allowed to use “any registered description or the party name as registered with the Electoral Commission”.

|  |
| --- |
| Details of candidate to be authorised and the allowed description/party name |
| I hereby certify that |
| The candidate (name in full): |  |
| [Ward]/parish/community name: | Bleadon | Date of election: | Thursday 9 May 2013 |
| Is authorised to stand for: | Political party registered with the Electoral Commission |
| The candidate may include the following registered description/party name in their nomination paper: |  |
| Note: It is an offence to make a false declaration.Maximum penalty one year imprisonment. |
| Signature of party’s registered Nominating Officer (or person authorised by the registered Nominating Officer): |  |
| Date:  |  |

### This form must be delivered with the nomination paper for candidates standing on behalf of a political party to the Returning Officer by no later than the close of nominations.

Request for a party emblem

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Office Use only | Date rec’d | Time rec’d | Initials | No. |
|  |  |  |  |

3

Parish/community election

This form is for a candidate of a political party subject to a certificate of authorisation who wishes to have a party emblem printed on the ballot paper next to their name.

This form must be signed by the candidate, not the Party Nominating Officer.

|  |
| --- |
| Candidate’s request for use of an emblem |
| Candidate name in full: |  |
| [Ward]/parish/community name: | Bleadon | Date of election: | Thursday 9 May 2013 |
| I request that the ballot paper shall contain, against my name, the following registered emblem (please identify which emblem if the party has registered more than one) |
| Emblem to be used(Please use name as on Electoral Commission website): |  |
| Candidate’s Signature:  |  |
| Date: |  |

### This form must be delivered with the nomination paper for candidates standing on behalf of a political party to the Returning Officer by no later than the close of nominations.